

OLIVER TWIST KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER

Oliver Twist Plot Summary

1. Oliver is born in the workhouse. When he is a bit older, he is nominated to ask for more food because the boys are starving.
2. He is kicked out of the workhouse and sold to the Sowerberry family to be an undertaker's apprentice. He's bullied by Noah, they fight and he is locked up.
3. Oliver runs away to London, meets Dodger and is introduced to Fagin's gang.
4. Oliver is taken out with the gang and is horrified to see Dodger steal a gentleman's handkerchief. Oliver is wrongly arrested for the theft.
5. The gentleman, Mr. Brownlow, takes pity on Oliver and takes him in. The gang plot to get him back in case he reveals information about them.
6. Oliver is abducted by the gang whilst running an errand for Mr. Brownlow.
7. Oliver is used by Sikes in a burglary. They fail and Sikes runs away. Oliver is left behind but the people who live there feel sorry for him and look after him. They are called Fred and Rose Maylie.
8. When Bill and Fagin realise what has happened, they plot to catch Oliver again. Nancy overhears and visits Mr. Brownlow to warn him.
9. Fagin tells Bill about Nancy's betrayal and Bill murders her. Fagin is discovered and sent to prison and Bill dies trying to run away.
10. Oliver discovers who his parents were and joins Mr. Brownlow and the Maylies to live happily ever after.

Characters

Oliver

He is a 'pale, thin' orphan who is treated badly by almost everyone he meets. He tries his best to be a good person and experiences 'horror and alarm' whenever he sees crimes being committed.

Mr. Bumble

The man who runs the workhouse and gives Oliver his name. He is 'a fat man' who enjoys power and doesn't care about the people beneath him.

Noah Claypole

A 'malicious and ill-conditioned' boy who bullies Oliver at the undertakers. He eventually runs away to London and joins the same gang as Oliver.

Fagin

An old man who runs the gang of pickpockets. He seems kind but his 'villainous-looking and repulsive face' reflects his selfish nature as he gets young boys to do his dirty work for him.

Jack Dawkins (The Artful Dodger)

A young boy who introduces Oliver to Fagin's gang who has 'all the airs and manners of a man'. He's confident and cunning.

Bill Sikes

A 'rough man' who has been a criminal for many years. He beats his dog viciously and brutally kills his girlfriend, Nancy.

Nancy

Bill's girlfriend who risks her life to help Oliver escape from the gang. She loves Bill even though he treats her abusively and she feels guilty about the life of crime she has led.

Mr. Brownlow

A wealthy older gentleman who takes Oliver in and looks after him. He believes in Oliver's goodness even when it looks like Oliver has stolen from him and eventually finds out the truth about Oliver's parents.

Context of Oliver Twist

- The text was written during the reign of Queen Victoria I
- Dickens was a 19th Century writer
- The growing population in the capital population in the capital was growing at this time play was written, Elizabeth 1st was Queen. She Victorian London was a very unhygienic place because of the waste going into the Thames
- Your quality of life in Victorian times depended on whether you were rich or poor
- Trafalgar Square, The Houses of Parliament and Victoria Station were all built during the Victorian era
- The Poor Law of 1834 meant that people who couldn't work went to workhouses because it was against the law to give them any other help
- Life in workhouses was very hard. There were lots of orphans as there was lots of sickness and disease

Dickens' Early Life

- Charles Dickens was born in 1812 in Portsmouth
- When Charles was 12, his father was sent to prison for owing money
- Charles Dickens worked in a factory and his wages were used to pay off his father's debt
- Dickens had to work twelve hour days putting labels and lids on pots

Dickens' Life After An Education

- Dickens went to work as a reporter for a newspaper
- At the age of 24, he wrote his first novel and it was an instant success
- He would give public readings of his novels as entertainment and hundreds of people would turn up to see him
- Dickens would publish a few chapters each month in a magazine
- Magazines were called 'periodicals'
- Dickens died in 1870 of a stroke, aged only 58
- A lot of his stories are about children who have had tough lives and have to struggle to survive

Key words

- **morality** - a code of right and wrong. People who try to be good can be called moral and people who do bad things can be called immoral.
- **vulnerable** - in a situation in which you could be easily harmed. People living on the streets are vulnerable.
- **brutal** - very violent or cruel.
- **corrupt** - a word used to describe a person who uses their power in a dishonest or illegal way in order to make life better for themselves.
- **villain** - a 'baddie' who harms other people or breaks the law to get what they want.
- **malicious** - meant to hurt or upset someone.
- **victim** - someone who has been harmed, often by other people.
- **naïve** - If someone is naïve if they don't have experience of how complicated life can be and therefore trust people too much.
- **society** - the people who live in a certain area. This could be a country, town or small group.
- **workhouse** - a place where people who couldn't support themselves were sent to live and work.